

PADEV:

Experiences from the consultant: evaluation of food security programmes of ICCO in 5 countries

Brussels

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Why did we apply the method?

- New method: client was involved in development
- > Opportunity:
 - collecting information about various aspects with a variety of beneficiaries in a short period of time
 - Programme evaluation: collecting comparable type of information in different countries and through different projects/partners
 - Type of information requested by the ToR: changes in lives of target group and influence by ICCO (attribution)
 - Schemes to collect, process and analyse data



Advanced version of focus group discussions

Set-up

> Two villages:

- same composition participants,
- Village 1: PADEV, more holistic picture and generation of hypotheses to be checked
- Village 2: focus group discussion, focus on ICCO/programme interventions
- > Particpants: 4 groups X 7 people (men/women; young/old), each group with facilitator and secretary
- Identification of participants by NGO partner
 - criteria, process and representativity to be verified
 - Course PADEV sessions (per module)
 - discussions in small groups, plenary, discussion on disagreements, consultant resumes for each module



Set-up (2)

> 5 modules (2 days)

- History: events influencing on FS in community and changes (availability, access and utilisation) (1,5 h)
- Capabilities of community (natural, physical, human, economic, socio political, effects (+ -) on FS and changes (2,5 h)
- Wealth categorisation (names and attributes) related to FS and perceived distribution over wealth classes (1,5h)
- List of development efforts related to FS and their impact (2 h)



 Relations between most important interventions (worst and best), changes in capabilities and wealth classes (3h)

Processing data

- Quick resumés in the evening of main output with specific attention to different perceptions and main trends
- > Synthesis and analysis by consultant facilitated by some questions:
 - Is ICCO mentioned and in what way?
 - Sustainability of changes and risks for FS
 - Relation between ICCO strategy and issues brought forward: is the strategy relevant?
 - Relation between the programme and changes: how has the programme influenced changes



- No formal reporting or statistical data processing
- > Triangulation with other stakeholders/data

Stronger and weaker aspects

	stronger	weaker
	-receiving information on attribution and inclusion/distribution of effects over different groups	-Finding the right questions: e.g. on capabilities: what determines what you eat and how? e.g. on wealth classification
	-flexibility (modules are building blocks)	-Time: for doing exercise (language/distances) and for processing and discussing
	-experience and observe interaction and dynamics in groups and subgroups	-management of discussion in sub groups
	-opportunities for groups to articulate their specificity and perception (gender and	-Analytical capacity needed (how to connect data to ToR of the client
E	generational)	-representativity of participants (and inclusion of the poor)

